demnation of 6,846 cases of canned salmon, remaining in the original unken packages in part at San Francisco, Calif., and in part at Alameda, Calif., misigned by the Naknek Packing Co., Bristol Bay, Alaska, alleging that the ficle had been shipped in interstate commerce from Bristol Bay, Alaska, into State of California, arriving at San Francisco, Calif., on or about August 20, 26, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act. Certain rions of the article were labeled in part: "Jack Frost Brand," "Deep Sea and," or "Fram Brand," as the case might be. A portion of the article was:

was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated, in that it consted wholly or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid animal substance. On May 12, 1927, the Naknek Packing Co., Bristol Bay, Alaska, having apgred as claimant for the property and having consented to the entry of a refee, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was pered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon ment of the costs of the proceedings and the execution of a bond in the sum 34,200, conditioned in part that it be made to conform with the law under de direction of and to the satisfaction of this department.

W. M. JARDINE, Secretary of Agriculture.

61. Adulteration of oranges. U. S. v. 76 Boxes of Oranges. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 21944. I. S. No. 14571-x. S. No. E-6121.)

On April 23, 1927, the United States attorney for the District of Massachus, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District mrt of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and conguation of 76 boxes of oranges, remaining in the original unbroken packages springfield, Mass., consigned about April 2, 1927, alleging that the article had shipped by the Sunny South Packing Co., Arcadia, Fla., and transported in the State of Florida into the State of Massachusetts, and charging adulation in violation of the food and drugs act.
Examination of the article by this department showed that it consisted in

ole or in part of frost-damaged fruit.

Line was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated, in that it confided in whole or in part of a decomposed vegetable substance.

n, May 18, 1927, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of demnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

W. M. JARDINE, Secretary of Agriculture.

Oysters. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond. (F. & D. Nos. 21736, 21737. I. S. Nos. 10853-x, 10854-x. S. Nos. W-2111, W-2112.

In March 15, 1927, the United States attorney for the Northern District of fornia, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the strict Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure condemnation of 100 cases of canned oysters, remaining in the original proken packages at San Francisco, Calif., alleging that the article had been pped by the Bayou LaBatré Cannery, from Biloxi, Miss., January 27, 1927, transported from the State of Mississippi into the State of California, and

riging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

Newas alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated, in that a sublice, excessive brine and water, had been mixed and packed therewith so as educe, lower, or injuriously affect its quality and strength, and had been stituted wholly or in part for the said article

April 5, 1927, the Bayou LaBatré Cannery of Alabama having apas claimant for the property and having consented to the entry of a ee, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was red by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon ment of the costs of the proceedings and the execution of a bond in the sum 3800, conditioned in part that it be made to conform with the law under supervision of this department.

W. M. JARDINE, Secretary of Agriculture.